

Safety Data Sheet P-18-0153

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/08/2015

# SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Other means of identification : Mixture of Oxygen 0.1 ppm - 23.5% in Balance Nitrogen: Diving Gas Mixture

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use

Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road

Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## **GHS-US** classification

Compressed gas H280

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P271 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

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## 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	76.5 - 99.9999
Oxygen	(CAS No) 7782-44-7	0.00001 - 23.5

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep

victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and

away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart

L—Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

ighters.

Other information

: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized

by DOT.).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

# 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

# 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection

: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

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Respiratory protection

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

.1.	Information on	basic physica	Land chemical	properties

Physical state Colour Colourless Odour No data available Odour threshold No data available рH Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) Not applicable. Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available

Flash point : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapour pressure : Not applicable.
Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available

Solubility : Water: No data available

Log Pow: Not applicable.Log Kow: Not applicable.Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable.Viscosity, dynamic: Not applicable.Explosive properties: Not applicable.

Oxidising properties : None.

Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10 1	Poactivity	

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None.

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10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

: Not classified

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

Aspiration hazard

No additional information available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

NI - Oxygen 0.1 ppm - 23.5%	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

NI - Oxygen 0.1 ppm - 23.5%	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

NI - Oxygen 0.1 ppm - 23.5%	
Mobility in soil	No data available.

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Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)  Mobility in soil	No data available.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s.

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1956

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compressed gas, n.o.s. Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in

parentheses following the PSN.

# **Additional information**

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IATA) : 2

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

No additional information available

# 15.2. International regulations

**CANADA** 

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#### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## **EU-Regulations**

# 15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations	
NI - Oxygen 0.1 ppm - 23.5%()	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

Oxygen (7782-44-7)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Reproductive Toxicity - Male	
No	No	No	No	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
U.S California - Proposition 65 -	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)			

# Oxygen (7782-44-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List



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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - PDI

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/14/2015

# SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Other means of identification : Mixture of Carbon dioxide 0.01 ppm - 55% in Nitrogen

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road

Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-

527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification (GHS-US)

Compressed gas H280

## 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

CGA-HG03 - MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

classification

# 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

# 3.2. Mixture

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Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	45 - 99.999999
Carbon dioxide	(CAS No) 124-38-9	0.000001 - 55

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and

away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart

L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

fighters.

Other information : Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized

by DOT.).

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

# 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	9000 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5000 ppm
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
ACGIH	Not established	
USA OSHA	Not established	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection

: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

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Respiratory protection

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic phy	vsical and chemical properties
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Physical state : Gas
Color : Colorless

Odor : No data available Odor threshold No data available рΗ Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) Not applicable. Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available No data available Flash point Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Vapor pressure Not applicable. Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Solubility : Water: No data available

Log Pow: Not applicable.Log Kow: Not applicable.Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable.Viscosity, dynamic: Not applicable.Explosive properties: Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosion limits : No data available

## 9.2. Other information

Relative density

No additional information available

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1.	Reactivity	

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

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10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No additional information available

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

: Not classified

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Aspiration hazard

No additional information available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

NI - Carbon dioxide 0.01 ppm - 55%		
Persistence and degradability  No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
Persistence and degradability  No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

NI - Carbon dioxide 0.01 ppm - 55%		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)	
Log Pow	0.83	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/14/2015

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

NI - Carbon dioxide 0.01 ppm - 55%		
Mobility in soil No data available.		
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s.

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1956

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compressed gas, n.o.s. Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in

parentheses following the PSN.

# **Additional information**

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IATA) : 2

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

No additional information available

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# Safety Data Sheet P-18-0156

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/14/2015

# 15.2. International regulations

## **CANADA**

# Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# **EU-Regulations**

# 15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

# 15.3. US State regulations

NI - Carbon dioxide 0.01 ppm - 55%()	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

No	No	No	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)				

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

# Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List



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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - PDI

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



Safety Data Sheet P-18-0856

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/18/2015 Revision date: 08/01/2016 Supersedes: 05/18/2015

# **SECTION: 1. Product and company identification**

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Name : NI - Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric Oxide, Sulfur dioxide 0.1 ppm - 0.26%

Other means of identification : Mixture of Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric oxide, Sulfur dioxide 0.1 ppm - 0.26% each,

balance Nitrogen

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS-US** classification

Compressed gas H280 Repr. 1A H360

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





S04 GHS

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

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Safety Data Sheet P-18-0856

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classification

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	99.22 - 99.89998
Carbon monoxide	(CAS No) 630-08-0	0.1 - 0.26
Nitric oxide	(CAS No) 10102-43-9	0.00001 - 0.26
Sulfur dioxide	(CAS No) 7446-09-5	0.00001 - 0.26

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

L—Fire Protection

Protection during firefighting

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Other information

: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by TC.).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

# 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

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## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	55 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	30 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	25 ppm
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	0.25 ppm

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Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	13 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	5 ppm
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
ACGIH	Not established	
USA OSHA	Not established	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational

exposure limits (where available).

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where

needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with

product is possible.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that

meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Water: No data available

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Gas Colour Colourless Odour No data available Odour threshold No data available Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) Not applicable. Melting point No data available No data available Freezing point **Boiling point** No data available No data available Flash point No data available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Vapour pressure Not applicable. Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available Relative density No data available

Log Pow: Not applicable.Log Kow: Not applicable.Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable.Viscosity, dynamic: Not applicable.Explosive properties: Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Solubility

Explosive limits : No data available

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9.2. Other information

No additional information available

No additional information available

SECT	ION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1.	Reactivity	
		No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2.	Chemical stability	
		Stable under normal conditions.
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
		No additional information available
10.4.	Conditions to avoid	
		No additional information available
10.5.	Incompatible materials	
		No additional information available
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products	

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	3760 ppm/1h	
ATE US (gases)	1880.000 ppmv/4h	
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	57.5 ppm/4h	
ATE US (gases)	57.500 ppmv/4h	
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	1260 ppm/4h	
ATE US (gases)	1260.000 ppmv/4h	

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Sulfur	dioxide	(7446-09-5)
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IARC group 3 - Not classifiable

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

. Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

	12.2.	Persistence a	and degra	dability
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NI - Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric Oxide, Sulfur dioxide 0.1 ppm - 0.26%		
Persistence and degradability  No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)		
Persistence and degradability Not applicable for inorganic gases.		
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
Persistence and degradability Not applicable for inorganic gases.		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

•			
NI - Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric Oxide, Sulfur dioxide 0.1 ppm - 0.26%			
Log Pow	Not applicable.		
Log Kow	Not applicable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)			
Log Kow	Not applicable.		
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)			
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.		
Log Kow	Not applicable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.		
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)			
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)		
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)			
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.		
Log Kow	Not applicable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.		

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

NI - Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric Oxide, Sulfur dioxide 0.1 ppm - 0.26%			
Mobility in soil No data available.			
Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)			
Mobility in soil	No data available.		
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)			
Mobility in soil	No data available.		
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.		
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)			
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)			
Mobility in soil	No data available.		
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.		

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer : None

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1956

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compressed gas, n.o.s. Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in

parentheses following the PSN

**Additional information** 

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

#### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IATA) : 2

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

	Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302		es Control Act) inventory
	SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity	100

# Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on the United States SARA Section 302

SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity 500

(TPQ)

# 15.2. International regulations

# **CANADA**

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## Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

## Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

## 15.2.2. National regulations

# Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

#### Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

NI - Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric Oxide, Su	NI - Carbon monoxide 0.1% - 0.26%, Nitric Oxide, Sulfur dioxide 0.1 ppm - 0.26%()	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No	

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	Non-significant risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity - Male	
		Female		

EN (English) SDS ID: P-18-0856 8/10



Safety Data Sheet P-18-0856

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/18/2015 Revision date: 08/01/2016 Supersedes: 05/18/2015

Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)				
No	Yes	No	No	
Nitric oxide (10102-43-9	9)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-	-5)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

## Carbon monoxide (630-08-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# Nitric oxide (10102-43-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date : 8/1/2016

EN (English) SDS ID: P-18-0856 9/10



Safety Data Sheet P-18-0856

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 05/18/2015 Revision date: 08/01/2016 Supersedes: 05/18/2015

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044)

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - PDI

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



Safety Data Sheet P-4631

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

# SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Nitrogen, compressed

CAS No : 7727-37-9
Formula : N2

Other means of identification : Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen,

Nitrogen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use

Medical applications Food applications

Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc. 10 Riverview Drive

Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## **GHS-US** classification

Compressed gas H280

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : WARNING

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-4631 1/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-4631

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

# 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substance

Name : Nitrogen, compressed

CAS No : 7727-37-9

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	99.5 - 100

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing,

give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a

physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with

plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity

: Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems

Stop flow of product if safe to do so

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

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Safety Data Sheet P-4631

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when

entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, compressed (7727	-37-9)
ACGIH	Not established

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This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

Nitrogen, compressed (7727	itrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
USA OSHA	Not established	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
ACGIH	Not established	
USA OSHA	Not established	

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in

the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be

acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where

needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with

product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that

meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA).

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 28 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : No odor warning properties.

Odor threshold : No data available pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -210 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -195.8 °C

Flash point : No data available

Critical temperature : -149.9 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Critical pressure : 3390 kPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.16 kg/m³

Relative gas density : 0.97

Solubility : Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow : Not applicable.
Log Kow : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.



# Safety Data Sheet P-4631

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Making our planet more productive™

> Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

: Not applicable. Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties : None.

**Explosion limits** : No data available

Other information

Gas group : Compressed gas

Additional information : None

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with

oxygen and hydrogen.

10.2. **Chemical stability** 

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 10.4.

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products** 

None.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

: Not classified Acute toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity** 12.1.

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

litrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-4631 5/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-4631

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	trogen, compressed (7727-37-9)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.		
Log Kow	Not applicable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)			
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.		
Log Kow	Not applicable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.		

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

itrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None
Effect on the global warming : None

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1066 Nitrogen, compressed, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1066

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, compressed

Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



## **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-4631 6/8



# Safety Data Sheet P-4631

Making our planet more productive This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Nitrogen, compressed

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Sudden release of pressure hazard

# 15.2. International regulations

## **CANADA**

# Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

# Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

# 15.2.2. National regulations

# Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

# 15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, compressed(7727-37-9)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List



# Safety Data Sheet P-4631

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/24/2015

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	Nitrogen (7727-37-9)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

# Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

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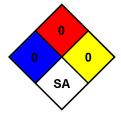
NFPA health hazard : 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

NFPA reactivity

NFPA specific hazard

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



# Acetylene, dissolved

Safety Data Sheet P-4559

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 01/12/2015 Supersedes: 07/01/2014

# SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Acetylene, dissolved

CAS No : 74-86-2 Formula : C2H2

Other means of identification : Acetylen, ethine, ethyne, narcylene

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road

Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-

527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification (GHS-US)**

Flam. Gas 1 H220 Dissolved gas H280

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

# 2.2. Label elements

# **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS

H231 - MAY REACT EXPLOSIVELY EVEN IN THE ABSENCE OF AIR AT ELEVATED

PRESSURE AND/OR TEMPERATURE

H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 - Keep away from heat, Open flames, sparks, hot surfaces. - No smoking P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely

P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.

CGA-PG13 - Fusible plugs in the top, bottom, or valve melt at 98°C to 107°C (208°F to 224°F).

Do not discharge at pressures above 15 psig (103 kPa). CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-4559 1/10



# Acetylene, dissolved

# Safety Data Sheet P-4559

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 01/12/2015 Supersedes: 07/01/2014

CGA-PG11 - Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (CAS # 67-64-1; Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) in the gas container. Vapor of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas container. The concentration of the solvent vapor in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Acetylene, dissolved (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 74-86-2	100

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: See below. See CGA Pamphlet SB-4, Handling Acetylene Cylinders in Fire Situations, for further information.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Explosion hazard

: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

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#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool.

Other information

: Acetylene containers are provided with pressure relief devices designed to vent contents when exposed to elevated temperature.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

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#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

Storage area

: Acetylene trailers are designed and intended for outdoor use. Acetylene storage in excess of 2.500 cu ft (70.79 cubic meters) is prohibited in buildings and other occupancies.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

: As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection

: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Environmental exposure controls

: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

Other information

: Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

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Appearance : Colorless, odorless gas.

Molecular mass : 26 g/mol Color : Colorless. Odor : Garlic like.

Odor : Garlic like.

Odor threshold : No data available pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -80.8 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -84 °C

Flash point : No data available

Critical temperature : 36 °C Auto-ignition temperature : 305 °C Decomposition temperature : 635 °C Flammability (solid, gas) : 2.5 - 100 vol % Vapor pressure : 4400 kPa Critical pressure : 6138 kPa Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : Not applicable.

Specific gravity / density : 0.0012 g/cm³ (at 0 °C)

Relative gas density : 0.9

Solubility : Water: 1185 mg/l

Log Pow : 0.37

Log Kow: Not applicable.Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable.Viscosity, dynamic: Not applicable.Explosive properties: Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

Sublimation point :  $-83.3 \, ^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  Gas group : Dissolved gas

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

OLOI	ION 10. Stability and reactivity	
10.1.	Reactivity	
		No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2.	Chemical stability	
		Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass. Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
		May react explosively even in the absence of air. May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst. Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.
10.4.	Conditions to avoid	
		High temperature. High pressure. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
10.5.	Incompatible materials	
		Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury. Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper. Air, Oxidizer. Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.
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#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

: Not classified

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No known ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis in air. Will not undergo hydrolysis.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Log Pow	0.37
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No known effects from this product.

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1001 Acetylene, dissolved

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1001

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Acetylene, dissolved Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : N86 - UN pressure receptacles made of aluminum alloy are not authorized.

N88 - Any metal part of a UN pressure receptacle in contact with the contents may not contain

more than 65% copper, with a tolerance of 1%.

**Additional information** 

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 116 (UN1001)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1001

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Acetylene, dissolved

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 116

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1001

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Acetylene, dissolved

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard Reactive hazard Fire hazard

### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class F - Dangerously Reactive Material

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#### **EU-Regulations**

### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Flam. Gas 1 H220 Dissolved gas H280

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

### Acetylene, dissolved (74-86-2)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations	
Acetylene, dissolved(74-86-2)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

# U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

State or local regulations

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Other information

: When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Praxair's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), www.aws.org. Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, global.ihs.com. Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture.

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases.

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

#### Full text of H-phrases:

Dissolved gas	Gases under pressure Dissolved gas
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
H220	EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
H280	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn readily.

NFPA reactivity

 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.



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### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 4 Severe Hazard
Physical : 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/03/2014 Supersedes: 12/01/2009

## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Argon, compressed

CAS No : 7440-37-1 Formula : Ar

Other means of identification : Shielding gas, argon 40

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road

Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC: USA 1-800-424-9300, International 001-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted,

contract 17729)

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (GHS-US)

Compressed gas H280

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

## 2.2. Label elements

### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty. CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

classification

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substance

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Name	Product identifier	%
Argon, compressed (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7440-37-1	100

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Get immediate

medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting

. .

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods

Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

## 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

#### Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. **Control parameters**

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

#### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls

: Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.

Eye protection Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory protection

When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a

self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : None necessary. Environmental exposure controls : None necessary.

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Other information : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 40 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : No data available

Odor threshold : No data available pH : Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.
Melting point : -189 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -185.9 °C

Flash point : No data available

Critical temperature : -122.4 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Critical pressure : 4898 kPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Relative gas density : 1.38

Solubility : Water: 61 mg/l
Log Pow : Not applicable.
Log Kow : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.
Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosive limits : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

Gas group : Compressed gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Using this product in welding and cutting may create additional hazards. The arc from electric arc welding may form gaseous reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Other decomposition products of arc welding and cutting originate from the volatilization, reaction, and oxidization of the material being worked.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

: Not classified

exposure)

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

: None.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the global warming

Effect on ozone layer : None.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : May be vented to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Consult supplier for specific recommendations. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Contact supplier if guidance is required.

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## Safety Data Sheet

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1006 Argon, compressed, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1006

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Argon, compressed

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



## **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1006);120 (UN1951)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

#### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1006

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : ARGON, COMPRESSED

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1006

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : ARGON, COMPRESSED

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) invento	ı۲۷	

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Sudden release of pressure hazard

#### 15.2. International regulations

### **CANADA**

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)		
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas	

### **EU-Regulations**

Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)
Listed on the EEC inventory FINECS (Furgness Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

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#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Compressed gas H280

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

### Argon, compressed (7440-37-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. US State regulations

Argon, compressed(7440-37-1)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases. One such contaminant, chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities, poses a special risk. DO NOT USE ELECTRIC ARCS IN THE PRESENCE OF CHLORINATED HYDROCARBON VAPORS—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSGENE MAY BE PRODUCED. Metal coatings such as paint, plating, or galvanizing may generate harmful fumes when heated. Residues from cleaning materials may also be harmful. AVOID ARC OPERATIONS ON PARTS WITH PHOSPHATE RESIDUES (ANTI-RUST, CLEANING PREPARATIONS)—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSPHINE MAY BE PRODUCED.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

#### Full text of H-phrases:

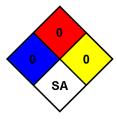
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
H280	CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

NFPA health hazard : 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



## **HMIS III Rating**

NFPA reactivity

NFPA specific hazard

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/03/2014 Supersedes: 12/01/2013

## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid

CAS No : 7727-37-9
Formula : N2

Other means of identification : Nitrogen (cryogenic liquid), Nitrogen, Medipure Liquid Nitrogen

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications.

Industrial use Food applications.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC: USA 1-800-424-9300, International 001-703-527-3887 (Collect calls accepted,

contract 17729)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **Classification (GHS-US)**

Refrigerated liquefied gas H281 Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H281 - CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.

P282 - Wear cold insulating gloves, face shield, eye protection CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. CGA-PG24 - DO NOT change or force fit connections. CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty. CGA-PG23 - Always keep container in upright position.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the

classification

: Asphyxiant in high concentrations. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	100
(Main constituent)		

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

First-aid measures after skin contact

For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Get immediate medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: DANGER! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Take care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays directly into liquid; cryogenic liquid can freeze water rapidly. Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire.

Other information

: Cryogenic liquid causes severe frostbite, a burn-like injury. Heat of fire can build pressure in a closed container and cause it to rupture. Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers or piping exposed to liquid or cold gas. Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, evaporates first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Systems under

pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields. Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or

breaking transfer connections.

Respiratory protection : Self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be

used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves. Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer

connections.

Environmental exposure controls : None necessary.

Other information : Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless liquid. Molecular mass : 28 g/mol Colorless liquid. Color Odor No data available Odor threshold No data available pΗ Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -210 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -195.8 °C

Flash point : No data available

Critical temperature : -149.9 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Critical pressure : 3390 kPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Trotative vapor derion, at 20 0

Relative density : 0.8

Specific gravity / density : 808.5 kg/m³ Liquid density at boiling point and 1 atm

Relative gas density : 0.97

Solubility : Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow : Not applicable.
Log Kow : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.
Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosive limits : No data available

## 9.2. Other information

Gas group : Refrigerated liquefied gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level.

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#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures, exposure to Lithium (Li), Neodymium (Nd), Titanium (Ti), Magnesium.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

: Not classified

exposure)

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Not applicable.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.

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Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)

Ecology - soil No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : Can cause frost damage to vegetation.

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dis

: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Hazard labels (DOT)

Transport document description : UN1977 Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid cryogenic liquid, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1977

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid

cryogenic liquid

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

: 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 345 - "Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), UN1977" transported in open cryogenic receptacles with a maximum capacity of 1 L are not subject to the requirements of this subchapter. The receptacles must be constructed with glass double walls having the space between the walls vacuum insulated and each receptacle must be transported in an outer packaging with sufficient cushioning and absorbent materials to protect the receptacle from damage.

346 - "Nitrogen, refrigerated liquid (cryogenic liquid), UN1977" transported in accordance with the requirements for open cryogenic receptacles in §173.320 and this special provision are not subject to any other requirements of this subchapter. The receptacle must contain no hazardous materials other than the liquid nitrogen which must be fully absorbed in a porous material in the receptacle.

T75 - When portable tank instruction T75 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable refrigerated liquefied gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 178.277 of this subchapter.

TP5 - For a portable tank used for the transport of flammable refrigerated liquefied gases or refrigerated liquefied oxygen, the maximum rate at which the portable tank may be filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the primary pressure relief system rated at a pressure not exceeding 120 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. For portable tanks used for the transport of refrigerated liquefied helium and refrigerated liquefied atmospheric gas (except oxygen), the maximum rate at which the tank is filled must not exceed the liquid flow capacity of the pressure relief device rated at 130 percent of the portable tank's design pressure. Except for a portable tank containing refrigerated liquefied helium, a portable tank shall have an outage of at least two percent below the inlet of the pressure relief device or pressure control valve, under conditions of incipient opening, with the portable tank in a level attitude. No outage is required for helium.

#### **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/03/2014 Supersedes: 12/01/2013

Special transport precautions

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
 Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
 Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
 Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.
 Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.

#### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1977

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID Class (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

MFAG-No : 120

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1977

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : NITROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
WHMIS Classification Class A - Compressed Gas	

#### **EU-Regulations**

## Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Refrigerated liquefied gas H281 Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Not classified

### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid (7727-37-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid(7727-37-9)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental	No

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Nitrogen, Refrigerated Liquid(7727-37-9)	
Toxicity	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date

Other information

: 10/3/2014 12:00:00 AM

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.praxair.com. If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

PRAXAIR and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

#### Full text of H-phrases:

Refrigerated liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Refrigerated liquefied gas
H281	CONTAINS REFRIGERATED GAS; MAY CAUSE CRYOGENIC BURNS OR INJURY

NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

given

NFPA fire hazard

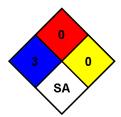
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.





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#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

given

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 2 Moderate Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.



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according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 06/23/0015 Supersedes: 05/11/2015

## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

**Product identifier** 

Product form : Substance

Name : Oxygen, compressed

CAS No 7782-44-7 Formula

Other means of identification Oxygen, Compressed; MediPure Oxygen; Aviator's Breathing Oxygen; USP Oxygen;

Oxygen - Diving Grade

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications.

Industrial use

Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.

39 Old Ridgebury Road

Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-

527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification (GHS-US)

H270 Ox. Gas 1 Compressed gas H280

### **Label elements**

#### **GHS-US** labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS03

GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

: H270 - MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER Hazard statements (GHS-US)

H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P220 - Keep/Store away from combustible materials, clothing

P244 - Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place.

P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.

CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and

rated for cylinder pressure.

CGA-PG22 - Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service.

CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly.

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

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#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Breathing 80 percent or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain, and breathing difficulty. Breathing oxygen at higher pressure increases the likelihood of adverse effects within a shorter time period. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and central nervous system (CNS) effects, resulting in dizziness, poor coordination, tingling sensation, visual and hearing disturbances, muscular twitching, unconsciousness, and convulsions. Breathing oxygen under pressure may cause prolongation of adaptation to darkness and reduced peripheral vision.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substance

Name : Oxygen, compressed

CAS No : 7782-44-7

Name	Product identifier	%
Oxygen	(CAS No) 7782-44-7	99.5 - 100

#### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Move to fresh air. Get medical advice/attention. First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with

plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

#### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Vigorously accelerates combustion. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water (e.g., safety shower) is the preferred extinguishing media for clothing fires.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

: Oxidizing agent; vigorously accelerates combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: High-pressure, oxidizing gas.

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

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Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

Other information

Heat of fire can build pressure in container and cause it to rupture. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.) No part of the container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Smoking, flames, and electric sparks in the presence of enriched oxygen atmospheres are potential explosion hazards.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate area. Try to stop release. Monitor concentration of released product. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking or Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)		
ACGIH	Not established	
USA OSHA	Not established	
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
<b>Oxygen (7782-44-7)</b> ACGIH	Not established	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Avoid oxygen rich (>23.5%) atmospheres. Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

**As needed for welding**, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

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Molecular mass : 32 g/mol
Color : Colorless.

Odor : No odor warning properties.

Odor threshold No data available рΗ Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable. Melting point -219 °C (-362°F) Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : -183 °C (-297°F) Flash point : Not applicable. Critical temperature : -118.6 °C (-181.48°F) Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Critical pressure : 50.4 bar (731.4 psia)

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : 0.0827 lb/ft3 (1.325 kg/m3) absolute vapor density at 70°F/21.1°C, 1 atm

Relative density : 1.1

Density : 1.4289 kg/m³ (at 21.1 °C)

Relative gas density : 1.1

Solubility : Water: 39 mg/l
Log Pow : Not applicable.
Log Kow : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.
Explosive properties : Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties : Oxidizer.

Explosion limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group : Compressed gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1.	Reactivity	
		No additional information available
10.2.	Chemical stability	
		Stable under normal conditions.
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
		Violently oxidizes organic material.
10.4.	Conditions to avoid	
		None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials
Keep equipment free from oil and grease. Consider the potential toxicity hazard due to the presence

of chlorinated or fluorinated polymers in high pressure (> 30 bar) oxygen lines in case of combustion. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing

agents.

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#### 10.6. **Hazardous decomposition products**

None.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

#### Persistence and degradability 12.2.

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)		
Persistence and degradability  No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

#### 12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential No ecological damage caused by this product.		
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Pow Log Kow	Not applicable.  Not applicable.	

#### **Mobility in soil** 12.4.

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

#### Other adverse effects 12.5.

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product.

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1072 Oxygen, compressed, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1072

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Oxygen, compressed

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas

5.1 - Oxidizer





DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 110 - Fire extinguishers transported under UN1044 may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of Division 1.4C or 1.4S), without changing the classification of Division 2.2, provided the aggregate quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 grams per extinguishing unit.

A14 - This material is not authorized to be transported as a limited quantity or consumer commodity in accordance with 173.306 of this subchapter when transported aboard an aircraft.

## **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 122 (UN1072)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1072

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : OXYGEN, COMPRESSED

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 122

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 1072

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Oxygen, compressed

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Ovygen compressed (7782-44-7)

oxygen, compressed (1102 44 1	<i>1</i>
Listed on the United States TSCA	(Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Sudden release of pressure hazard

Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

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This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

### Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

## Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

## Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

### 15.3. US State regulations

Oxygen, compressed(7782-44-7)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No			
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

Oxygen (7782-44-7)					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)	
No	No	No	No		

### Oxygen (7782-44-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date : 6/23/0015 12:00:00 AM

EN (English US) SDS ID: P-4638 8/9



## Safety Data Sheet P-4638

according to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 06/23/0015 Supersedes: 05/11/2015

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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NFPA health hazard

 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

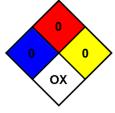
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.